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Forest Service

Natural Resource Manager

National Visitor Use Monitoring Program





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Visitor Use Report

Los Padres NF

USDA Forest Service Region 5

National Visitor Use Monitoring Data collected FY 2014

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope and purpose of the National Visitor Use Monitoring program

The National Visitor Use Monitoring (NVUM) program provides reliable information about recreation visitors to national forest system managed lands at the national, regional, and forest level. Information about the quantity and quality of recreation visits is required for national forest plans, Executive Order 12862 (Setting Customer Service Standards), and implementation of the National Recreation Agenda. To improve public service, the agency's Strategic and Annual Performance Plans require measuring trends in user satisfaction and use levels. NVUM information assists Congress, Forest Service leaders, and program managers in making sound decisions that best serve the public and protect valuable natural resources by providing science based, reliable information about the type, quantity, quality and location of recreation use on public lands. The information collected is also important to external customers including state agencies and private industry. NVUM methodology and analysis is explained in detail in the research paper entitled: Forest Service National Visitor Use Monitoring Process: Research Method

Documentation; English, Kocis, Zarnoch, and Arnold; Southern Research Station; May 2002 (http://www.fs.fed.us/recreation/programs/nvum).

In 1998 a team of research scientists and forest staff developed a recreation sampling system (NVUM) that provides statistical recreation use information at the forest, regional, and national level. Several Forest Service staff areas including Recreation, Wilderness, Ecosystem Management, Research and Strategic Planning and Resource Assessment were involved in developing the program. From January 2000 through September 2003 every national forest implemented this methodology and collected visitor use information. This application served to test the method over the full range of forest conditions, and to provide a rough national estimate of visitation. Implementation of the improved method began in October 2004. Once every five years, each National Forest and Grassland has a year of field data collection.

This NVUM data is useful for forest planning and decision making. The description of visitor characteristics (age, race, zip code, activity participation) can help forest staff identify their recreation niche. Satisfaction information can help management decide where best to place limited resources that would result in improved visitor satisfaction. Economic expenditure information can help forests show local communities the employment and income effects of tourism from forest visitors. In addition, the visitation estimates can be helpful in considering visitor capacity issues.

1.2. Methods

To define the sampling frame, staff on each forest classify all recreation sites and areas into five basic categories called "site types": Day Use Developed Sites (DUDS), Overnight Use Developed Sites (OUDS), Designated Wilderness Areas (Wilderness), General Forest Areas (GFA), and View Corridors (VC). Only the first four categories are counted as national forest recreation visits and are included in the visit estimates. The last category is used to track the volume of people who view national forests from nearby roads; since they do not get onto agency lands, they cannot be counted as visits. For the entire sampling year, each day on each site was given a rating of very high, high, medium, low, or no use according to the expected level of recreational visitors who would be

observed leaving that location for the last time (last exiting recreation use) on that day. The combination of a calendar day and a site or area is called a site day. Site days are the basic sampling unit for the NVUM protocol. Results of this forest categorization are shown in Table 1.

In essence, visitation is estimated through a combination of traffic counts and surveys of exiting visitors. Both are obtained on a random sample of locations and days distributed over an entire forest for a year. All of the surveyed recreation visitors are asked about their visit duration, activities, demographics, travel distance, and annual usage. About one-third were also asked a series of questions about satisfaction. Another one-third were asked to provide information about their income, spending while on their trip, and the next best substitute for the visit.

1.3. Definition of Terms

NVUM has standardized measures of visitor use to ensure that all national forest visitor measures are comparable. These definitions are basically the same as established by the Forest Service in the 1970's. Visitors must pursue a recreation activity physically located "on" Forest Service managed land in order to be counted. They cannot be passing through; viewing from non-Forest Service managed roads, or just using restroom facilities. The visitation metrics are *national forest visits* and *site visits*. NVUM provides estimates of both and confidence interval statistics measuring the precision of the estimates. The NVUM methodology categorizes recreation facilities and areas into specific site types and use levels in order to develop the sampling frame. Understanding the definitions of the variables used in the sample design and statistical analysis is important in order to interpret the results.

National forest visit is the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A national forest visit can be composed of multiple site visits. The visit ends when the person leaves the national forest to spend the night somewhere else.

Site visit is the entry of one person onto a national forest site or area to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. The site visit ends when the person leaves the site or area for the last time on that day.

A **confidence interval** is a range of values that is likely to include an unknown population value, where the range is calculated from a given set of sample data. Confidence intervals are always accompanied by a **confidence level**, which tells the degree of certainty that the value lies in the interval. Used together these two terms define the reliability of the estimate, by defining the range of values that are needed to reach the given confidence level. For example, the 2008 national visitation estimate is 175.6 million visits, with a 90% confidence interval of 3.2%. In other words, given the NVUM data, our best estimate is 175.6 million visits, and given the underlying data, we are 90% certain that the true number is between 170.0 million and 181.2 million.

Recreation trip is the duration of time beginning when the visitor left their home and ending when they return to their home.

Site day - a day that a recreation site or area is open to the public for recreation purposes.

Proxy - information collected at a recreation site or area that is directly related to the amount of

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recreation visitation received. The proxy information must pertain to all users of the site and it must be one of the proxy types allowed in the NVUM pre-work directions (fee receipts, fee envelopes, mandatory permits, permanent traffic counters, group reservations, ticket sales, and daily use records).

Nonproxy - a recreation site or area that does not have proxy information. At these sites a 24-hour traffic count is taken to measure total use for one site day at the sample site.

Use level - for each day of the year for each recreation site or area, the site day was categorized as very high, high, medium or low last exiting recreation traffic, or no exiting use. No Use could means either that the location was administratively closed, or it was open but was expected to have zero last exiting visitors. For example a picnic area may listed as having no use during winter months (120 days), high last exiting recreation volume on all other weekends (70 days) and medium last exiting recreation use on the remaining midweek days (175 days). This accounts for all 365 days of the year. This process was repeated for every site and area on the forest.

1.4. Limitations of the Results

The information presented here is valid and applicable at the forest, regional, and national level. It is not designed to be accurate at the district or site level. The quality of the visitation estimate is dependent on the sample design development, sampling unit selection, sample size and variability, and survey implementation. First, preliminary work conducted by forests to identify and consistently classify sites and access points according to the type and amount of expected exiting visitation is the key determinant of the validity and magnitude of the visitation estimate. Second, the success of the forest staff in accomplishing its assigned set of sample days, correctly filling out the interview forms, and following the field protocols influence the reliability of the results, variability of the visitation estimate, and validity of the visitation descriptions. Third, the variability of traffic counts within a sampling stratum affects the reliability of the visitation estimates. Fourth, the range of visitors sampled must be representative of the population of all visitors. Finally, the number of visitors sampled must be large enough to adequately control variability. The results and confidence intervals will reflect all these factors.

Confidence intervals indicate the reliability of the visitation estimate, given the underlying data. Large confidence intervals indicate high variability in the national forest visit (NFV), site visit (SV) and Wilderness visit estimates. Variance is caused primarily by a small sample size in number of days or having a few sampled days where the observed exiting visitation volume was very different from the normal range. For example, on a particular National Forest in the General Forest Area low stratum, there were 14 sample days. Of these 14 sample days, 13 days had visitation estimates between zero and twenty. The remaining day had a visitation estimate of 440. So the stratum mean was about 37 per day, standard error was about 116, and the 90% confidence interval width is 400% of the mean. Causes for such outlier observations are not known, but could include a misclassification of the day (a high use day incorrectly categorized as a low use day), unusual weather, malfunctioning traffic counter, or reporting errors. Eliminating the unusual observation from data analysis would reduce the variability. However, unless the NVUM team had reason to suspect the observation was incorrect they did not eliminate these unusual cases.

The descriptive information about national forest visitors is based upon only those visitors that were interviewed. Every effort was made to incorporate distinct seasonal use patterns and activities that

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vary greatly by season into the sampling frame. The sampling plan took into account both the spatial and seasonal spread of visitation patterns across the forest. Even so, because of the small sample size of site-days, or because some user groups decline to participate in the survey, it is possible to under-represent certain user groups, particularly for activities that are quite limited in where or when they occur.

Note that the results of the NVUM activity analysis DO NOT identify the types of activities visitors would like to have offered on the national forests. It also does not tell us about displaced forest visitors, those who no longer visit the forest because the activities they desire are not offered.

Some forest visitors were counted and included in the total forest use estimate but were not surveyed. This included visitors to recreation special events and organization camps. Their characteristics are not included in the visit descriptions.

Caution should be used in interpreting any comparisons of these results with those obtained during the 2000 - 2003 period. Differences cannot be interpreted as a trend. Several method changes account for the differences, for both visitation estimates and visit characteristics. One key factor is that the first application of the NVUM process was largely a national beta-test of the method, and significant improvements occurred following it. The NVUM process entailed a completely new method and approach to measuring visitation on National Forest lands. Simply going through the NVUM process for the first time enabled forest staff to do a much better job thereafter in identifying sites, accurately classifying days into use level strata, and ensuring consistency across all locations on the forest. These improvements enhanced the validity of all aspects of the NVUM results. Sampling plans and quality control procedures were also improved.

2. VISITATION ESTIMATES

2.1. Forest Definition of Site Days

The population of site days for sampling was constructed from information provided by forest staff. For each site, each day of the year was given a rating of very high, high, medium, low, or none according to the expected volume of recreation visitors who would be leaving the site or area for the last time (last exiting recreation use). The stratum, a combination of site type and use level, was then used to construct the sampling frame. The results of the recreation site/area stratification and days sampled are displayed in Table 1.

Table 1. Site Days and Percentage of Days Sampled by Stratum

Stratum*		Days	Site Days# in	Sampling	
Site Type†	Use Level‡ or Proxv Code§	Sampled	Use Level/Proxy Population	Rate (%)&	
DUDS	HIGH	14	336	4.2	
DUDS	MEDIUM	16	764	2.1	
DUDS	LOW	17	3,025	0.6	
DUDS	FE3	9	1,095	0.8	
OUDS	HIGH	10	40	25.0	
OUDS	MEDIUM	13	368	3.5	
OUDS	LOW	13	1,949	0.7	
OUDS	DUR4	11	3,433	0.3	
OUDS	DUR5	10	1,133	0.9	
GFA	VERY HIGH	11	41	26.8	
GFA	HIGH	19	335	5.7	
GFA	MEDIUM	20	2,300	0.9	
GFA	LOW	45	7,800	0.6	
WILDERNESS	HIGH	12	111	10.8	
WILDERNESS	MEDIUM	14	1,028	1.4	
WILDERNESS	LOW	17	7,467	0.2	
Total		251	31,225	0.8	

^{*} Stratum is the combination of the site type and use level or proxy code. Sample days were independently drawn within each stratum.

Site Days are days that a recreation site or area is open to the public for recreation purposes.

& 0.0 - This value is less than five one-hundredths.

2.2. Visitation Estimates

Visitation estimates are available at the national, regional, and forest level. This document provides only National Forest level data. Other documents may be obtained through the National Visitor Use Monitoring web page: www.fs.fed.us/recreation/programs/nvum.

[†] DUDS = Day Use Developed Site, OUDS = Overnight Use Developed Site, GFA = General Forest Area ("Undeveloped Areas"), WILDERNESS = Designated Wilderness

[‡] Use level was defined independently by each forest by defining the expected number of recreation visitors that would be last-exiting a site or area on a given day. The forest developed the range for very high, high, medium, and low and then assigned each day of the year to one of the use levels.

[§] Proxy Code - If the site or area already had counts of use (such as fee envelopes or ski lift tickets) the site was called a proxy site and sampled independent of nonproxy sites.

When reviewing the results, users should discuss with forest staff if this forest experienced any unusual circumstances such as forest fires, floods, or atypical weather that may have created an unusual recreation use pattern for the year sampled. Table 2 displays the number of national forest visits and site visits by site type for this National Forest.

Table 2. Annual Visitation Estimate

Visit Type	Visits (1,000s)	90% Confidence Level (%)#
Total Estimated Site Visits*	1,348	±10.6
→ Day Use Developed Site Visits	377	±16.6
→ Overnight Use Developed Site Visits	125	±21.1
→ General Forest Area Visits	767	±16.0
→ Designated Wilderness Visits†	79	±34.3
Total Estimated National Forest Visits§	938	±12.7
→ Special Events and Organized Camp Use‡	0	±0.0

^{*} A Site Visit is the entry of one person onto a National Forest site or area to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time.

§ A National Forest Visit is defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.

This value defines the upper and lower bounds of the visitation estimate at the 90% confidence level, for example if the visitation estimate is 100 +/-5%, one would say "at the 90% confidence level visitation is between 95 and 105 visits."

[†] Designated Wilderness visits are included in the Site Visits estimate.

[‡] Special events and organizational camp use are not included in the Site Visit estimate, only in the National Forest Visits estimate. Forests reported the total number of participants and observers so this number is not estimated; it is treated as 100% accurate.

The quality of the use estimate is based in part on how many individuals were contacted during the sample day and how many complete interviews were obtained from which to estimate NVUM numbers and visitor descriptions. Table 3 and Table 4 display the number of visitor contacts, number of completed interviews by site type and survey form type. This information may be useful to managers when assessing how representative of all visitors the information in this report may be.

Table 3. Number of Individuals Contacted by Site Type

Site Type	Total Individuals Contacted	Individuals Who Agreed to be Interviewed	Recreating Individuals Who Are Leaving for the Last Time That Day
Day Use Developed Sites	839	567	255
Overnight Use Developed Sites	341	299	117
Undeveloped Areas (GFAs)	1,201	839	665
Designated Wilderness	125	110	94
Total	2,506	1,815	1,131

Table 4. Number of Complete Interviews* by Site Type and Form Type

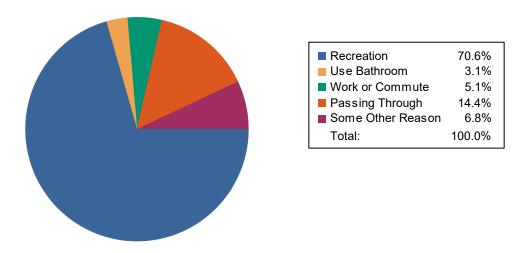
Form Type†	Developed Day Use Site	Developed Overnight	Undeveloped Areas (GFAs)	Wilderness	Total
Basic	77	39	222	33	371
Economic	83	42	225	34	384
Satisfaction	95	36	218	27	376
Total	255	117	665	94	1,131

^{*} Complete interviews are those in which the individual contacted agreed to be interviewed, was recreating on the national forest and was exiting the site or area for the last time that day.

[†] Form Type is the type of interview form administered to the visitor. The Basic form did not ask either economic or satisfaction questions. The Satisfaction form did not ask economic questions and the Economic form did not ask satisfaction questions.

Visitors were interviewed regardless of whether they were recreating at the site or not, however the interview was discontinued after determining that the reason for visiting the site was <u>not</u> recreation. Figure 1 displays the various reasons visitors gave as their purpose for stopping at the sample site.

Figure 1. Purpose of Visit by Visitors Who Agreed to be Interviewed



3. DESCRIPTION OF THE RECREATION VISIT

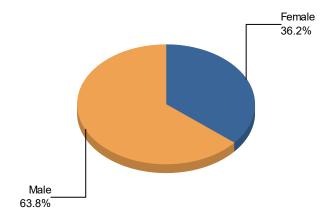
3.1. Demographics

Descriptions of forest recreational visits were developed based upon the characteristics of interviewed visitors (respondents) and expanded to the national forest visitor population. Basic demographic information helps forest managers identify the profile of the visitors they serve. Management concerns such as providing recreation opportunities for underserved populations may be monitored with this information. Table 5, Table 6 and Table 7 provide basic demographic information about visitors interviewed regarding Gender, Race/Ethnicity, and Age, respectively. Table 8 shows the 15 most common reported origins for recreation visitors. A complete list of reported zip codes for respondents is found in Appendix A. Table 9 provides information about self reported travel distance from home to the interview site.

Demographic results show that about 36% of visits to the Los Padres NF are made by females. Among racial and ethnic minorities, the most commonly encountered are Hispanic/Latinos (17%) and Asians (6%). The age distribution shows that about 14% of visits are children under age 16. People over the age of 60 account for a little more than 12% of visits. Most of the visits are from local area residents. Over half of the visitation is from people who live within 25 miles.

Table 5. Percent of National Forest Visits* by Gender

Gender	Survey Respondents†	National Forest Visits (%)‡
Female	960	36.2
Male	1,474	63.8
Total	2,434	100.0

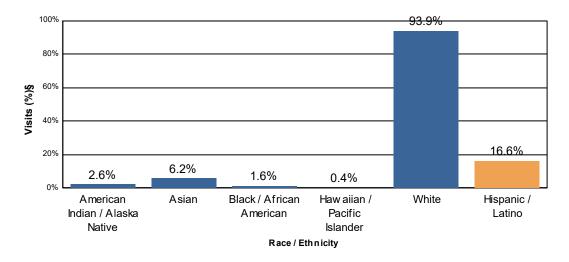


- * A National Forest Visit is defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.
- † Non-respondents to gender questions were excluded from analysis.
- ‡ Calculations are computed using weights that expand the sample of individuals to the population of National Forest Visits.

Table 6. Percent of National Forest Visits* by Race/Ethnicity

Race †	Survey Respondents‡	National Forest Visits (%)§#
American Indian / Alaska Native	31	2.6
Asian	67	6.2
Black / African American	15	1.6
Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	8	0.4
White	955	93.9
Total	1,076	104.7

Ethnicity†	Survey Respondents‡	National Forest Visits (%)§
Hispanic / Latino	175	16.6



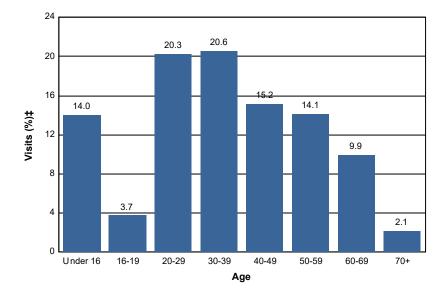
^{*} A National Forest Visit is defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.

Respondents could choose more than one racial group, so the total may be more than 100%.

- † Race and Ethnicity were asked as two separate questions.
- ‡ Non-respondents to race/ethnicity questions were excluded from analysis.
- § Calculations are computed using weights that expand the sample of individuals to the population of National Forest Visits.

Table 7. Percent of National Forest Visits* by Age

Age Class	National Forest Visits (%)‡
Under 16	14.0
16-19	3.7
20-29	20.3
30-39	20.6
40-49	15.2
50-59	14.1
60-69	9.9
70+	2.1
Total	99.9



^{*} A National Forest Visit is defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.

† Non-respondents to age questions were excluded from analysis.

‡ Calculations are computed using weights that expand the sample of individuals to the population of National Forest Visits.

Table 8. Top 15 Most Commonly Reported ZIP Codes, States and Counties of National Forest Survey Respondents

ZIP Code	State	County	Percent of Respondents	Survey Respondents (n)
93105	California	Santa Barbara County	15.5	81
93101	California	Santa Barbara County	12.1	63
93117	California	Santa Barbara County	10.2	53
93108	California	Santa Barbara County	9.8	51
93103	California	Santa Barbara County	9.4	49
Foreign Country			7.1	37
93110	California	Santa Barbara County	6.9	36
93111	California	Santa Barbara County	6.5	34
93109	California	Santa Barbara County	5.7	30
93013	California	Santa Barbara County	4.6	24
93023	California	Ventura County	2.7	14
93422	California	San Luis Obispo County	2.7	14
93401	California	San Luis Obispo County	2.5	13
93001	California	Ventura County	2.3	12
93003	California	Ventura County	2.1	11

^{*} Includes respondents reporting no ZIP code or an invalid ZIP code.

Table 9. Percent of National Forest Visits* by Distance Traveled

Miles from Survey Respondent's Home to Interview Location†	National Forest Visits (%)
0 - 25 miles	52.3
26 - 50 miles	7.5
51 - 75 miles	8.3
76 - 100 miles	7.5
101 - 200 miles	9.2
201 - 500 miles	7.3
Over 500 miles	7.9
Total	100.0

Note: Blank cells indicate that insufficient data were collected to make inferences.

^{*} National Forest Visits are defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.

[†] Travel distance is self-reported.

3.2. Visit Descriptions

Characteristics of the recreation visit such as length of visit, types of sites visited, activity participation and visitor satisfaction with forest facilities and services help managers understand recreation use patterns and use of facilities. This allows them to plan workforce and facility needs. The average national forest visit length of stay and average site visit length of stay by site type on this forest is displayed in Table 10. Since the average values displayed in Table 10 may be influenced by a few people staying a very long time, the median value is also shown.

Over half the visits to this forest last at most 3 hours, and the average duration is only about 7 hours. The median length of visit to overnight sites is about 35 hours, indicating two nights' stay. Half of the visits to Wilderness last not more more than 4 hours. Almost half of the visits come from people who visit at most 5 times per year. Frequent visitors are not uncommon; about 17 percent of visits are made by people who visit more than 50 times per year.

Table 10. Visit Duration

Visit Type	Average Duration (hours)‡	Median Duration (hours)‡
Site Visit	6.7	2.0
Day Use Developed	2.3	1.7
Overnight Use Developed	35.7	34.5
Undeveloped Areas	3.6	2.0
Designated Wilderness	10.8	4.0
National Forest Visit	7.6	2.4

^{*} A Site Visit is the entry of one person onto a national forest site or area to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. Sites and areas were divided into four site types as listed here.

[†] A National Forest Visit is defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.

[‡] If this variable is blank not enough surveys were collected to make inferences.

Many of the respondents on this National Forest went only to the site at which they were interviewed (Table 11). Some visitors went to more than one recreation site or area during their national forest visit and the average site visits per national forest visit is shown below. Also displayed are the average people per vehicle and average axles per vehicle. This information in conjunction with traffic counts was used to expand observations from individual interviews to the full forest population of recreation visitors. This information may be useful to forest engineers and others who use vehicle counters to conduct traffic studies.

During the interview, visitors were asked how often they visit this national forest for all recreational activities, and how often for their primary activity. Table 12 summarizes the percent of visits that are made by those in each frequency category for this National Forest.

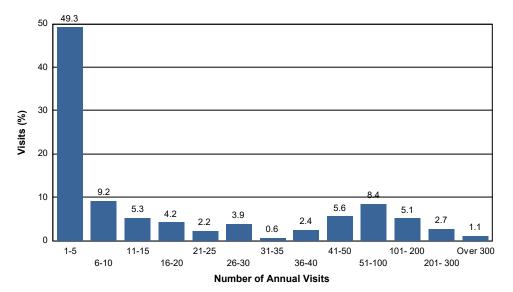
Table 11. Group Characteristics

Characteristic	Average
Percent of visits that were to just one national forest site during the National Forest Visit*	85.5
Number of national forest sites visited on National Forest Visit*	
Group size	2.5
Axles per vehicle	2.0

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Table 12. Percent of National Forest Visits* by Annual Visit Frequency

Number of Annual Visits	Visits (%)†	Cumulative Visits (%)
1 - 5	49.3	49.3
6 - 10	9.2	58.5
11 - 15	5.3	63.8
16 - 20	4.2	68.0
21 - 25	2.2	70.2
26 - 30	3.9	74.0
31 - 35	0.6	74.7
36 - 40	2.4	77.1
41 - 50	5.6	82.6
51 - 100	8.4	91.0
101 - 200	5.1	96.2
201 - 300	2.7	98.9
Over 300	1.1	100.0



^{*} A National Forest Visit is defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.

† The first row indicates the percent of National Forest Visits made by persons who visit 1 to 5 times per year. The last row indicates the percent of National Forest Visits made by persons who visit more than 300 times per year.

3.3. Activities

After identifying their main recreational activity, visitors were asked how many hours they spent participating in that main activity during this national forest visit. Some caution is needed when using this information. Because most national forest visitors participate in several recreation activities during each visit, it is more than likely that other visitors also participated in this activity, but did not identify it as their <u>main</u> activity. For example, on one national forest 63 % of visitors identified viewing wildlife as a recreational activity that they participated in during this visit, however only 3% identified that activity as their <u>main</u> recreational activity. The information on average hours viewing wildlife is only for the 3% who reported it as a main activity.

The most frequently reported primary activity is hiking/walking (41%), followed by bicycling (13%). More than half of the visits indicate participating in hiking/walking.

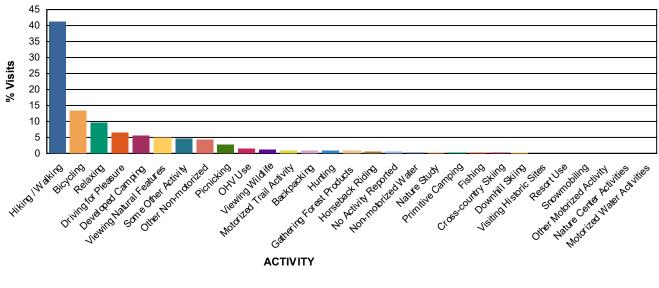
Use of Constructed Facilities and Designated Areas

About one-third of recreation visitors interviewed were asked about whether they made use of a targeted set of facilities and special designated areas during their visit. These results are displayed in Table 14.

Table 13. Activity Participation

Activity	% Participation*	% Main Activity‡	Avg Hours Doing Main Activity
Hiking / Walking	63.0	41.0	2.3
Viewing Natural Features	46.6	5.0	2.5
Relaxing	34.6	9.4	8.4
Viewing Wildlife	30.1	1.2	2.4
Driving for Pleasure	19.6	6.3	2.1
Bicycling	14.6	13.5	2.2
Picnicking	11.8	2.7	4.2
Developed Camping	11.2	5.6	33.9
Other Non-motorized	9.6	4.3	3.3
Some Other Activity	8.7	4.7	2.8
Nature Study	7.1	0.3	4.3
Visiting Historic Sites	4.3	0.1	1.0
Gathering Forest Products	3.6	0.7	3.6
Nature Center Activities	3.6	0.0	0.0
OHV Use	2.9	1.5	5.9
Motorized Trail Activity	2.3	0.9	3.7
Primitive Camping	1.8	0.3	19.3
Hunting	1.1	0.7	4.5
Fishing	1.0	0.3	5.0
Horseback Riding	0.8	0.6	4.0
Non-motorized Water	0.7	0.4	4.1
Resort Use	0.6	0.1	4.0
Other Motorized Activity	0.2	0.0	0.0
Cross-country Skiing	0.1	0.1	3.5
Downhill Skiing	0.1	0.1	2.0
Motorized Water Activities	0.0	0.0	0.0
Snowmobiling	0.0	0.0	0.0
No Activity Reported	0.0	0.4	
Backpacking	0.0	0.8	17.9

% Main Activity



Special Facility Use

Table 14. Percent of National Forest Visits* Indicating Use of Special Facilities or Areas

Special Facility or Area	% of National Forest Visits†
Developed Swimming Site	7.0
Scenic Byway	15.5
Visitor Center or Museum	1.8
Designated ORV Area	4.5
Forest Roads	5.5
Interpretive Displays	2.8
Information Sites	1.7
Developed Fishing Site	0.0
Motorized Single Track Trails	3.3
Motorized Dual Track Trails	4.4
None of these Facilities	75.5

^{*} A National Forest Visit is defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.

^{*} Survey respondents could select multiple activities so this column may total more than 100%.

[‡] Survey respondents were asked to select just one of their activities as their main reason for the forest visit. Some respondents selected more than one, so this column may total more than 100%.

[†] Survey respondents could select as many or as few special facilities or areas as appropriate.

4. ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Forest managers are usually very interested in the impact of National Forest recreation visits on the local economy. As commodity production of timber and other resources has declined, local communities look increasingly to tourism to support their communities. When considering recreation-related visitor spending managers are often interested both in identifying the average spending of individual visitors (or types of visitors) and the total spending associated with all recreation use. Spending averages for visitors or visitor parties can be estimated using data collected from a statistically valid visitor sampling program such as NVUM. To estimate the total spending associated with recreation use, three pieces of information are needed: an overall visitation estimate, the proportion of visits in the visitor types, and the average spending profiles for each of the visitor types. Multiplying the three gives a total amount of spending by a particular type of visitor. Summing over all visitor types gives total spending.

About one-third of the NVUM surveys included questions about trip-related spending within 50 miles of the site visited. Analysis of spending data included identification of the primary visitor segments that have distinct spending profiles as well as estimation of the average spending per party per visit. Results from the FY2005 through FY2009 period are available in a report: https://www.treesearch.fs.fed.us/pubs/43869. Results from the FY2010 through FY2014 period are in the publication process.

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4.1. Spending Segments

The spending that occurs on a recreation trip is greatly influenced by the type of recreation trip taken. For example, visitors on overnight trips away from home typically have to pay for some form of lodging (e.g., hotel/motel rooms, fees in a developed campground, etc.) while those on day trips do not. In addition, visitors on overnight trips will generally have to purchase more food during their trip (in restaurants or grocery stores) than visitors on day trips. Visitors who have not traveled far from home to the recreation location usually spend less than visitors traveling longer distances, especially on items such as fuel and food. Analysis of spending patterns has shown that a good way to construct segments of the visitor market with consistent spending patterns is the following seven groupings:

- 1. local visitors on day trips,
- 2. local visitors on overnight trips staying in lodging on the national forest,
- 3. local visitors on overnight trips staying in lodging off the national forest, and
- 4. non-local visitors on day trips,
- 5. non-local visitors on overnight trips staying in lodging on the national forest,
- 6. non-local visitors on overnight trips staying in lodging off the forest,
- 7. non-primary visitors.

Local visitors are those who travel less than 50 road miles from home to the recreation site visited and non-local visitors are those who travel greater than 50 road miles to the recreation site visited. Non-primary visitors are those for whom the primary purpose of their trip is something other than recreating on that national forest. The distribution of visits by spending segment is not displayed in this report. See the appendix tables in the spending analysis report cited above for spending segment distributions.

For about two-thirds of the visits, the trip to the Los Padres is a day trip from home rather than a trip that includes an overnight stay. The income results show a fairly even distribution.

Table 15 is no longer displayed here

4.2. Spending Profiles

Spending profiles for each segment are contained in the spending analysis report, as are tables that identify whether visitors to a particular forest are in a higher or lower than average range. It is essential to note that the spending profiles are in dollars per party per visit. Obtaining per visit spending is accomplished by dividing the spending for each segment bythe average people per party for the forest and spending segment. These data are in the appendix of the report.

4.3. Total Direct Spending

Total direct spending made within 50 miles of the forest and associated with national forest recreation is calculated by combining estimates of per party spending averages with the number of party trips in the segment. The number of party-trips in the segment equals the number of National Forest visits reported in table 2, times the percentage of visits in each spending segment, and divided by the average people per party.

4.4. Other Visit Information

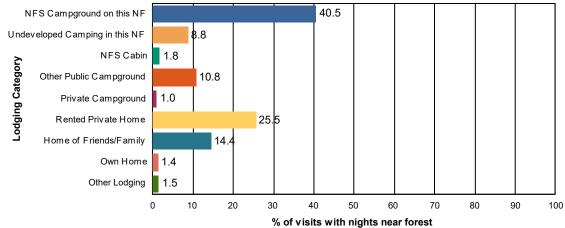
There are several other important aspects of the trips on which the recreation visits to the forest are made. These are summarized in Table 16. The first aspect relates to total amount spent by the recreating party on the trip. This includes spending not just within 50 miles of the forest, but anywhere. The table shows both the average and the median. Another set describes the overall length of the trips on which the visits are made. The table shows the percent of the visits that were made on trips where the person stayed away from home overnight (even though the forest visit may be just a day visit), and the average total nights away from home and nights spent within 50 miles of the forest. For those spending one or more nights in or near the forest, the table shows the percentage that selected each of a series of lodging options. Together, these results help show the context of overall trip length and lodging patterns for visitors to the forest.

Table 16. Trip Spending and Lodging Usage

Trip Spending	Value
Average Total Trip Spending per Party	\$380
Median Total Trip Spending per Party	\$30
% NF Visits made on trip with overnight stay away from home	29.8%
% NF Visits with overnight stay within 50 miles of NF	26.6%
Mean nights/visit within 50 miles of NF	3.2
Area Lodging Use	% Visits with Nights Near Forest
NFS Campground on this NF	40.5%
Undeveloped Camping in this NF	8.8%
NFS Cabin	1.8%
Other Public Campground	10.8%
Private Campground	1.0%
Rented Private Home	25.5%
Home of Friends/Family	14.4%
Own Home	1.4%
Other Lodging	1.5%

Area Lodging Use





4.5. Household Income

Visitors were asked to report a general category for their total household income. Only very general categories were used, to minimize the intrusive nature of the question. Results help indicate the overall socio-economic status of visitors to the forest, and are found in Table 17.

Table 17. Percent of National Forest Visits* by Annual Household Income

Annual Household Income Category	National Forest Visits (%)	
Under \$25,000	13.1	
\$25,000 to \$49,999	15.1	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	18.8	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	14.0	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	17.3	
\$150,000 and up	21.6	
Total	99.9	

^{*} National Forest Visits are defined as the entry of one person upon a national forest to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest Visit can be composed of multiple Site Visits.

4.6. Substitute Behavior

Visitors were asked to select one of several substitute choices, if for some reason they were unable to visit this national forest (Figure 3). Choices included going somewhere else for the same activity they did on the current trip, coming back to this forest for the same activity at some later time, going someplace else for a different activity, staying at home and not making a recreation trip, going to work instead of recreating, and a residual 'other' category. On most forests, the majority of visitors indicate that their substitute behavior choice is activity driven (going elsewhere for same activity) and a smaller percentage indicate they would come back later to this national forest for the same activity. For those visitors who said they would have gone somewhere else for recreation they were asked how far from their home this alternate destination was. These results are shown in Figure 4.

Figure 3. Substitute Behavior Choices

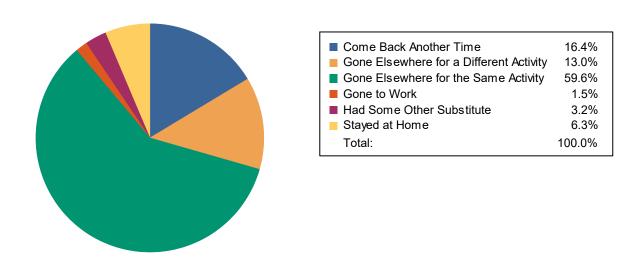
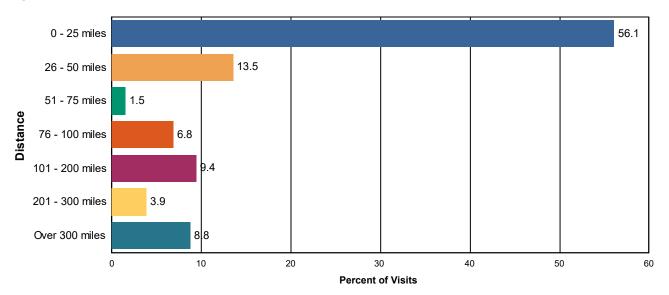


Figure 4. Reported Distance Visitors Would Travel to Alternate Location



5. SATISFACTION INFORMATION

An important element of outdoor recreation program delivery is evaluating customer satisfaction with the recreation setting, facilities, and services provided. Satisfaction information helps managers decide where to invest in resources and to allocate resources more efficiently toward improving customer satisfaction. Satisfaction is a core piece of data for national- and forest-level performance measures. To describe customer satisfaction, several different measures are used. Recreation visitors were asked to provide an overall rating of their visit to the national forest, on a 5-point Likert scale. About one-third of visitors interviewed on the forest rated their satisfaction with fourteen elements related to recreation facilities and services, and the importance of those elements to their recreation experience. Visitors were asked to rate the specific site or area at which they were interviewed. Visitors rated both the importance and performance (satisfaction with) of these elements using a 5-point scale. The Likert scale for importance ranged from not important to very important. The Likert scale for performance ranged from very dissatisfied to very satisfied. Although the satisfaction ratings specifically referenced the area where the visitor was interviewed, the survey design does not usually have enough responses for any individual site or area on the forest to present information at a site level. Rather, the information is generalized to overall satisfaction within the three site types: Day Use Developed (DUDS), Overnight Use Developed (OUDS), General Forest Areas, and on the forest as a whole.

The satisfaction responses are analyzed in several ways. First, a graph of overall satisfaction is presented in Figure 5. Next, two aggregate measures were calculated from the set of individual elements. The satisfaction elements most readily controlled by managers were aggregated into four categories: developed facilities, access, services, and visitor safety. The site types sampled were aggregated into three groups: developed sites (includes both day use and overnight developed sites), dispersed areas, and designated Wilderness. The first aggregate measure is called "Percent Satisfied Index (PSI)", which is the proportion of all ratings for the elements in the category where the satisfaction ratings had a numerical rating of 4 or 5. Conceptually, the PSI indicator shows the percent of all recreation customers who are satisfied with agency performance. The agency's national target for this measure is 85%. It is usually difficult to consistently have a higher satisfaction score than 85% since given tradeoffs among user groups and other factors. Table 18 displays the aggregate PSI scores for this forest.

Another aggregate measure of satisfaction is called "Percent Meet Expectations (PME)". This is the proportion of satisfaction ratings in which the numerical satisfaction rating for a particular element is equal to or greater than the importance rating for that element. This indicator tracks the congruence between the agency's performance and customer evaluations of importance. The idea behind this measure is that those elements with higher importance levels must have higher performance levels. Figure 6 displays the PME scores by type of site. Lower scores indicate a gap between desires and performance.

An Importance-Performance Analysis (IPA) (Hudson, et al, Feb 2004) was calculated for the importance and satisfaction scores. A target level of importance and performance divides the possible set of score pairs into four quadrants. For this work, the target level of both was a numerical score of 4.0. Each quadrant has a title that helps in interpreting responses that fall into it, and that provides some general guidance for management. These can be described as:

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- 1. Importance at or above 4.0, Satisfaction at or above 4.0: **Keep up the good work**. These are items that are important to visitors and ones that the forest is performing quite well;
- 2. Importance at or above 4.0, Satisfaction under 4.0: **Concentrate here**. These are important items to the public, but performance is not where it needs to be. Increasing effort here is likely to have the greatest payoff in overall customer satisfaction;
- 3. Importance below 4.0, Satisfaction above 4.0: **Possible overkill**. These are items that are not highly important to visitors, but the forest's performance is quite good. It may be possible to reduce effort here without greatly harming overall satisfaction;
- 4. Importance below 4.0; Satisfaction below 4.0: **Low Priority**. These are items where performance is not very good, but neither are they important to visitors. Focusing effort here is unlikely to have a great impact.

We present tables that show the I-P rating title for each satisfaction element. Each sitetype is presented in a separate table. Results are presented in Tables 19 - 22.

The numerical scores for visitor satisfaction and importance for each element by site type, and the sample sizes for each are presented in Appendix B (Tables B1 - B4). Most managers find it difficult to discern meaning from these raw tables; however they may wish to examine specific elements once they have reviewed the other satisfaction information presented in this section. Note that if an element had fewer than 10 responses no analyses are performed, as there are too few responses to provide reliable information. Finally, visitors were asked about their overall satisfaction with and the importance of road condition and the adequacy of signage. Figure 7a and Figure 7b show the results.

The overall satisfaction results are quite good. Over 80% of people visiting indicated they were very satisfied with their overall recreation experience. Another 15 percent were somewhat satisfied. The results for the composite indices were somewhat mixed. Satisfaction ratings for perception of safety were at least 90% for all types of sites. However, ratings for services were much lower.

Figure 5. Percent of National Forest Visits by Overall Satisfaction Rating

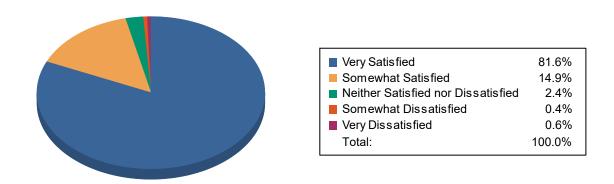
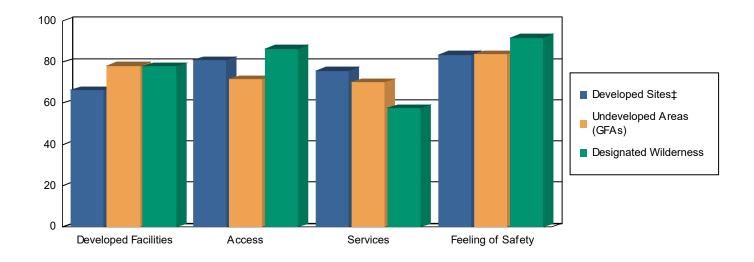


Table 18. Percent Satisfied Index† Scores for Aggregate Categories

Satisfaction Element	Satisfied Survey Respondents (%)					
	Developed Sites‡ Undeveloped Areas (GFAs) Designated Wilderness					
Developed Facilities	71.7	84.3	78.1			
Access	89.1	70.7	97.8			
Services	77.2	49.1	61.7			
Feeling of Safety	95.1	89.6	100.0			

[†] This is a composite rating. It is the proportion of satisfaction ratings scored by visitors as good (4) or very good (5). Computed as the percentage of all ratings for the elements within the sub grouping that are at or above the target level, and indicates the percent of all visitors that are reasonably well satisfied with agency performance.

Figure 6. Percent Meets Expectations Scores*



^{* &}quot;Percent Meet Expectations (PME)" is the proportion of satisfaction ratings in which the numerical satisfaction rating for a particular element is equal to or greater than the importance rating for that element. This indicator tracks the congruence between the agency's performance and customer evaluations of importance. The idea behind this measure is that those elements with higher importance levels must have higher performance levels. Lower scores indicate a gap between desires and performance.

[‡] This category includes both Day Use and Overnight Use Developed Sites.

[‡] This category includes both Day Use and Overnight Use Developed Sites.

Table 19. Importance-Performance Ratings for Day Use Developed Sites

Satisfaction Element	Importance-Performance Rating
Restroom Cleanliness	Concentrate Here
Developed Facilities	Keep up the Good Work
Condition of Environment	Keep up the Good Work
Employee Helpfulness	Keep up the Good Work
Interpretive Displays	Keep up the Good Work
Parking Availability	Keep up the Good Work
Parking Lot Condition	Possible Overkill
Rec. Info. Availability	Keep up the Good Work
Road Condition	Keep up the Good Work
Feeling of Satefy	Keep up the Good Work
Scenery	Keep up the Good Work
Signage Adequacy	Keep up the Good Work
Trail Condition	Keep up the Good Work
Value for Fee Paid	Keep up the Good Work

Table 20. Importance-Performance Ratings for Overnight Developed Sites

Satisfaction Element	Importance-Performance Rating
Restroom Cleanliness	Concentrate Here
Developed Facilities	Keep up the Good Work
Condition of Environment	Keep up the Good Work
Employee Helpfulness	Keep up the Good Work
Interpretive Displays	Low Priority
Parking Availability	Keep up the Good Work
Parking Lot Condition	Keep up the Good Work
Rec. Info. Availability	Keep up the Good Work
Road Condition	Keep up the Good Work
Feeling of Satefy	Keep up the Good Work
Scenery	Keep up the Good Work
Signage Adequacy	Keep up the Good Work
Trail Condition	Keep up the Good Work
Value for Fee Paid	Keep up the Good Work

Table 21. Importance-Performance Ratings for Undeveloped Areas (GFAs)

Satisfaction Element	Importance-Performance Rating
Restroom Cleanliness	Keep up the Good Work
Developed Facilities	Keep up the Good Work
Condition of Environment	Keep up the Good Work
Employee Helpfulness	Keep up the Good Work
Interpretive Displays	Low Priority
Parking Availability	Keep up the Good Work
Parking Lot Condition	Low Priority
Rec. Info. Availability	Low Priority
Road Condition	Concentrate Here
Feeling of Satefy	Keep up the Good Work
Scenery	Keep up the Good Work
Signage Adequacy	Low Priority
Trail Condition	Keep up the Good Work
Value for Fee Paid	Keep up the Good Work

Table 22. Importance-Performance Ratings for Designated Wilderness

Satisfaction Element	Importance-Performance Rating
Restroom Cleanliness	*
Developed Facilities	*
Condition of Environment	Keep up the Good Work
Employee Helpfulness	*
Interpretive Displays	Possible Overkill
Parking Availability	Keep up the Good Work
Parking Lot Condition	Possible Overkill
Rec. Info. Availability	Low Priority
Road Condition	Possible Overkill
Feeling of Satefy	Keep up the Good Work
Scenery	Keep up the Good Work
Signage Adequacy	Concentrate Here
Trail Condition	Keep up the Good Work
Value for Fee Paid	Possible Overkill

^{*} The data was not reported for items with fewer than 10 responses.

Road Conditions & Signage

Figure 7a. Satisfaction with Forest-wide Road Conditions & Signage Adequacy

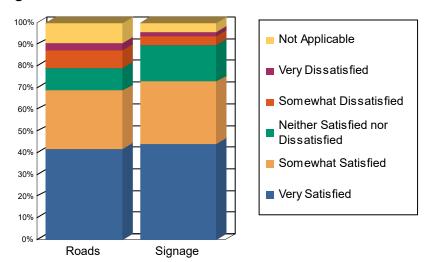
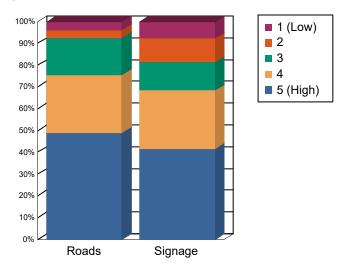


Figure 7b. Importance of Forest-wide Road Conditions & Signage Adequacy

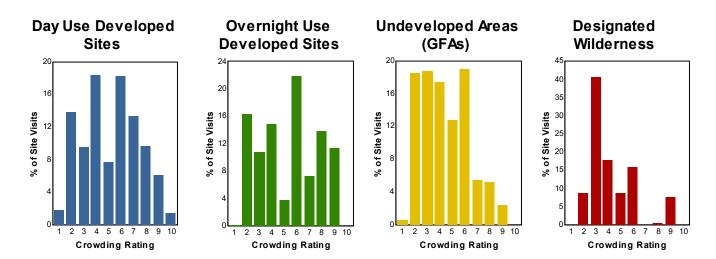


5.1. Crowding

Visitors rated their perception of how crowded the recreation site or area felt to them. This information is useful when looking at the type of site the visitor was using since someone visiting a designated Wilderness may think 5 people is too many while someone visiting a developed campground may think 200 people is about right. Table 23 shows the distribution of responses for each site type. Crowding was reported on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 denotes hardly anyone was there, and a 10 indicates the area was perceived as overcrowded.

Table 23. Percent of Site Visits* by Crowding Rating and Site Type

Crowding Rating†	Site Types (% of Site Visits)			
	Day Use Developed Sites	Overnight Use Developed Sites	Undeveloped Areas (GFAs)	Designated Wilderness
10 - Overcrowded	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	6.1	11.3	2.4	7.7
8	9.7	13.9	5.2	0.5
7	13.4	7.2	5.4	0.0
6	18.3	21.8	19.0	15.9
5	7.7	3.8	12.8	8.7
4	18.3	14.8	17.3	17.9
3	9.5	10.8	18.7	40.5
2	13.8	16.3	18.6	8.7
1 - Hardly anyone there	1.8	0.1	0.6	0.0
Average Rating	5.2	5.4	4.4	4.2



^{*} A Site Visit is the entry of one person onto a national forest site or area to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time.

[†] Survey respondents rated how crowded the site or area they were interviewed at was using a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 meant hardly anyone was there and 10 meant the site or area was overcrowded.

5.2. Disabilities

Providing barrier-free facilities for recreation visitors is an important part of facility and service planning and development. One question asked if anyone in their group had a disability. If so, the visitor was then asked if the facilities at the sites they visited were accessible for this person (Table 24).

Table 24. Accessibility of National Forest Facilities by Persons with Disabilities

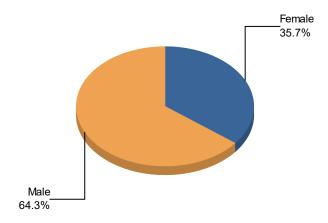
Item	Percent
% of visits that include a group member with a disability	3.3
Of this group, percent who said facilities at site visited were accessible	100.0

6. WILDERNESS VISIT DEMOGRAPHICS

Visits to Wilderness are sometimes made by a particular subset of the overall visitor population. In this chapter, tables are presented that describe the demographic characteristics of those who visit designated wilderness on this forest. Table 25 shows the gender breakdown, Table 26 the racial and ethnicity distribution, and the Table 27 age composition. In Table 28, a frequency analysis of Zip Codes obtained from respondents is presented, to give a rough idea of the common origins of Wilderness visitors.

Table 25. Percent of Wilderness Site Visits* by Gender

Gender	Survey Respondents†	Wilderness Site Visits (%)‡
Female	92	35.7
Male	132	64.3
Total	224	100.0

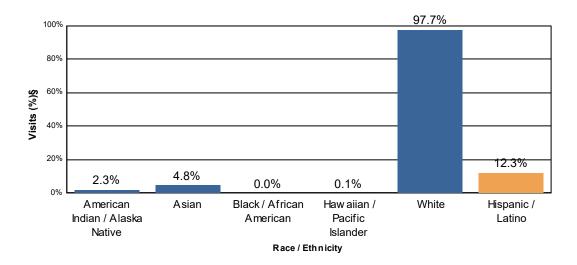


- * A Site Visit is the entry of one person onto a National Forest site or area to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time.
- † Non-respondents to gender questions were excluded from analysis.
- ‡ Calculations are computed using weights that expand the sample of individuals to the population of Wilderness Site Visits.

Table 26. Percent of Wilderness Site Visits* by Race/Ethnicity

Race †	Survey Respondents‡	Wilderness Site Visits (%)§#
American Indian / Alaska Native	1	2.3
Asian	4	4.8
Black / African American	0	0.0
Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	1	0.1
White	89	97.7
Total	95	104.9

Ethnicity†	Survey Respondents‡	Wilderness Site Visits (%)§
Hispanic / Latino	12	12.3



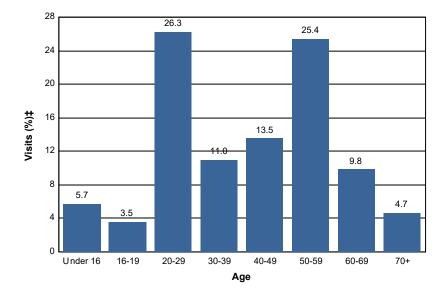
^{*} A Site Visit is the entry of one person onto a National Forest site or area to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time.

Respondents could choose more than one racial group, so the total may be more than 100%.

- † Race and Ethnicity were asked as two separate questions.
- ‡ Non-respondents to race/ethnicity questions were excluded from analysis.
- § Calculations are computed using weights that expand the sample of individuals to the population of Wilderness Site Visits.

Table 27. Percent of Wilderness Site Visits* by Age

Age Class	Wilderness Site Visits (%)‡
Under 16	5.7
16-19	3.5
20-29	26.3
30-39	11.0
40-49	13.5
50-59	25.4
60-69	9.8
70+	4.7
Total	99.9



^{*} A Site Visit is the entry of one person onto a National Forest site or area to participate in recreation activities for an unspecified period of time.

† Non-respondents to age questions were excluded from analysis.

‡ Calculations are computed using weights that expand the sample of individuals to the population of Wilderness Site Visits.

Table 28. Top 15 Most Commonly Reported ZIP Codes, States and Counties of Wilderness Survey Respondents

ZIP Code	State	County	Percent of Respondents	Survey Respondents (n)
93023	California	Ventura County	14.3	5
93422	California	San Luis Obispo County	11.4	4
93401	California	San Luis Obispo County	8.6	3
95616	California	Yolo County	5.7	2
93004	California	Ventura County	5.7	2
Foreign Country			5.7	2
95060	California	Santa Cruz County	5.7	2
91001	California	Los Angeles County	5.7	2
93003	California	Ventura County	5.7	2
93001	California	Ventura County	5.7	2
93111	California	Santa Barbara County	5.7	2
93465	California	San Luis Obispo County	5.7	2
93036	California	Ventura County	5.7	2
93921	California	Monterey County	5.7	2
93033	California	Ventura County	2.9	1

^{*} Includes respondents reporting no ZIP code or an invalid ZIP code.

7. APPENDIX TABLES

APPENDIX A - Complete List of ZIP Codes

Table A-1. ZIP Codes, States and Counties of National Forest Survey Respondents

ZIP Code	State	County	Percent of Respondents	Survey Respondents (n)
93105	California	Santa Barbara County	7.2	81
93101	California	Santa Barbara County	5.6	63
93117	California	Santa Barbara County	4.7	53
93108	California	Santa Barbara County	4.5	51
93103	California	Santa Barbara County	4.3	49
Foreign Country			3.3	37
93110	California	Santa Barbara County	3.2	36
93111	California	Santa Barbara County	3.0	34
93109	California	Santa Barbara County	2.7	30
93013	California	Santa Barbara County	2.1	24
93023	California	Ventura County	1.2	14
93422	California	San Luis Obispo County	1.2	14
93401	California	San Luis Obispo County	1.1	13
93001	California	Ventura County	1.1	12
93003	California	Ventura County	1.0	11
93225	California	Kern County	0.8	9
93436	California	Santa Barbara County	0.8	9
93446	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.7	8
Unknown Origin*			0.7	8
93455	California	Santa Barbara County	0.6	7
93920	California	Monterey County	0.6	7
94110	California	San Francisco County	0.5	6
93933	California	Monterey County	0.5	6
93465	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.5	6
93906	California	Monterey County	0.4	5
93004	California	Ventura County	0.4	5
93402	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.4	5
93907	California	Monterey County	0.4	5
95060	California	Santa Cruz County	0.4	5
93442	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.4	5
93463	California	Santa Barbara County	0.4	5
93063	California	Ventura County	0.4	5
93405	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.4	5
93460	California	Santa Barbara County	0.4	5
93940	California	Monterey County	0.4	5
94117	California	San Francisco County	0.4	4
95076	California	Santa Cruz County	0.4	4
93454	California	Santa Barbara County	0.4	4
93067	California	Santa Barbara County	0.4	4
93035	California	Ventura County	0.4	4

93222	California	Kern County	0.4	4
93036	California	Ventura County	0.4	4
93065	California	Ventura County	0.4	4
93140	California	Santa Barbara County	0.4	4
91350	California	Los Angeles County	0.4	4
93428	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.3	3
93950	California	Monterey County	0.3	3
91360	California	Ventura County	0.3	3
95065	California	Santa Cruz County	0.3	3
93927	California	Monterey County	0.3	3
93955	California	Monterey County	0.3	3
94086	California	Santa Clara County	0.3	3
94563	California	Contra Costa County	0.3	3
93433	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.3	3
93309	California	Kern County	0.3	3
93458	California	Santa Barbara County	0.3	3
91320	California	Ventura County	0.3	3
95051	California	Santa Clara County	0.3	3
95006	California	Santa Cruz County	0.3	3
90049	California	Los Angeles County	0.3	3
92103	California	San Diego County	0.3	3
95062	California	Santa Cruz County	0.3	3
95126	California	Santa Clara County	0.3	3
95608	California	Sacramento County	0.3	2
93033	California	Ventura County	0.2	2
93307	California	Kern County	0.2	2
93453	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.2	2
90278	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
94105	California	San Francisco County	0.2	2
90813	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93924	California	Monterey County	0.2	2
93924	California	Ventura County	0.2	2
93160	California	Santa Barbara County	0.2	2
94002	California	San Mateo County		2
94526			0.2	2
94301	California California	Contra Costa County Santa Clara County	0.2	2
93430	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.2	2
90732	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
94087	California	Santa Clara County	0.2	2
90290		Los Angeles County	0.2	2
94709	California California	Alameda County	0.2	2
	California	Los Angeles County		2
91601		,	0.2	2
90250	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	
91775	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2 2
95304	California	San Joaquin County	0.2	
95018	California	Santa Cruz County	0.2	2
91367	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
95136	California	Santa Clara County	0.2	2
91316	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93901	California	Monterey County	0.2	2
93926	California	Monterey County	0.2	2

95616	California	Yolo County	0.2	2
90065	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
95112	California	Santa Clara County	0.2	2
91307	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93012	California	Ventura County	0.2	2
93427	California	Santa Barbara County	0.2	2
91710	California	San Bernardino County	0.2	2
90063	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93444	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.2	2
91331	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93449	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.2	2
93010	California	Ventura County	0.2	2
94025	California	San Mateo County	0.2	2
93030	California	Ventura County	0.2	2
94118	California	San Francisco County	0.2	2
93921	California	Monterey County	0.2	2
95124	California	Santa Clara County	0.2	2
90019	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
94610	California	Alameda County	0.2	2
94122	California	San Francisco County	0.2	2
94115	California	San Francisco County	0.2	2
90064	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93308	California	Kern County	0.2	2
92024	California	San Diego County	0.2	2
92101	California	San Diego County	0.2	2
93268	California	Kern County	0.2	2
90291	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
90291	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
95120	California	Santa Clara County	0.2	2
90230	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93420	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.2	2
90504	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93107	California	Santa Barbara County	0.2	2
94928	California			2
91001	California	Sonoma County Los Angeles County	0.2	2
91010	California	Los Angeles County	0.2	2
90405	California	Los Angeles County Los Angeles County	0.2	2
93908	California	Monterey County	0.2	2
94123	California	San Francisco County	0.2	2
93434	California	Santa Barbara County	0.2	2
93150	California	Santa Barbara County	0.2	2
		-		
91362	California	Ventura County	0.2	2
94501	California	Alameda County	0.2	2
95066	California	Santa Cruz County	0.2	2
91351	California California	Los Angeles County	0.2	1
93311		Kern County	0.1	
02906	Rhode Island	Providence County	0.1	1
92832	California	Orange County	0.1	1
93923	California	Monterey County	0.1	1
95482	California	Mendocino County	0.1	1
92037	California	San Diego County	0.1	1

1938 Louisiana Rapides Parish 0.1 1 1 92889 California Orange County 0.1 1 1 1 92889 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 1 1 96003 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 1 1 96003 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 1 1 951129 Minnesola Washingfor County 0.1 1 1 1 95815 California Sacramento County 0.1 1 1 1 99081 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 1 1 99081 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 1 1 97031 Oregon Hood River County 0.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	94040	California	Santa Clara County	0.1	1
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91301 California			· ·		
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90061 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 1 1 97031 Oregon Hood River County 0.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
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94305 California Santa Clara County 0.1 1 80424 Colorado Summit County 0.1 1 90221 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 91030 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 92866 California Orange County 0.1 1 93944 California Monterey County 0.1 1 95003 California Santa Cruz County 0.1 1 94608 California Alameda County 0.1 1 93291 California Tulare County 0.1 1 93532 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 60613 Illinois Cook County 0.1 1 94938 California Marin County 0.1 1 9094 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 91390 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 93614 <			-		
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90094 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 91390 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 90502 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 93614 California Madera County 0.1 1 91214 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 93720 California Fresno County 0.1 1 96003 California Shasta County 0.1 1			-		
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90502 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 93614 California Madera County 0.1 1 91214 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 93720 California Fresno County 0.1 1 96003 California Shasta County 0.1 1				0.1	1
93614 California Madera County 0.1 1 91214 California Los Angeles County 0.1 1 93720 California Fresno County 0.1 1 96003 California Shasta County 0.1 1					
91214CaliforniaLos Angeles County0.1193720CaliforniaFresno County0.1196003CaliforniaShasta County0.11		California	· ·	0.1	1
93720 California Fresno County 0.1 1 96003 California Shasta County 0.1 1	93614	California	Madera County	0.1	1
96003 California Shasta County 0.1 1	91214	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
·	93720	California	Fresno County	0.1	1
92374 California San Bernardino County 0.1 1	96003	California	Shasta County	0.1	1
<u> </u>	92374	California	San Bernardino County	0.1	1

95816	California	Sacramento County	0.1	1
95695	California	Yolo County	0.1	1
91302	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
92630	California	Orange County	0.1	1
93424	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.1	1
55431	Minnesota	Hennepin County	0.1	1
05048	Vermont	Windsor County	0.1	1
90038	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
49071	Michigan	Van Buren County	0.1	1
98012	Washington	Snohomish County	0.1	1
93464	California	Santa Barbara County	0.1	1
93423	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.1	1
30076	Georgia	Fulton County	0.1	1
90807	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
90803	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
90055	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
90029	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
93619	California	Fresno County	0.1	1
92322	California	San Bernardino County	0.1	1
92115	California	San Diego County	0.1	1
94070	California	San Mateo County	0.1	1
94124	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
94066	California	San Mateo County	0.1	1
93905	California	Monterey County	0.1	1
90043	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
85733	Arizona	Pima County	0.1	1
60185	Illinois	DuPage County	0.1	1
94107	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
60660	Illinois	Cook County	0.1	1
90005	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
50310	lowa	Polk County	0.1	1
90505	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
83616	Idaho	Ada County	0.1	1
91205	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
34711	Florida	Lake County	0.1	1
94708	California	Alameda County	0.1	1
84402	Utah	Weber County	0.1	1
94618	California	Alameda County	0.1	1
91730	California	San Bernardino County	0.1	1
91361	California	Ventura County	0.1	1
06042	Connecticut	Hartford County	0.1	1
92604	California	Orange County	0.1	1
95492	California	Sonoma County	0.1	1
08827	New Jersey	Hunterdon County	0.1	1
90272	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
92078	California	San Diego County	0.1	1
93611	California	Fresno County	0.1	1
92656	California	Orange County	0.1	1
94549	California	Contra Costa County	0.1	1
91701	California	San Bernardino County	0.1	1
90025	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1

92124	California	San Diego County	0.1	1
90660	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	<u>'</u> 1
94134	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
95005	California	Santa Cruz County	0.1	
90292	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	 1
77024	Texas	Harris County	0.1	1
90033	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
91303	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
89117	Nevada	Clark County	0.1	1
93452	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.1	 1
92882	California	Riverside County	0.1	1
95661	California	Placer County	0.1	1
84098	Utah	Summit County	0.1	1
95765	California	Placer County	0.1	1
90802	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
93102	California	Santa Barbara County	0.1	1
91606	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
91352	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
91016	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
92563	California	Riverside County	0.1	1
89402	Nevada	Washoe County	0.1	1
95019	California	Santa Cruz County	0.1	1
93306	California	Kern County	0.1	1
85024	Arizona	Maricopa County	0.1	1
90066	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
94112	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
94018	California	San Mateo County	0.1	1
33019	Florida	Broward County	0.1	1
91786	California	San Bernardino County	0.1	1
90036	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
94022	California	Santa Clara County	0.1	1
80301	Colorado	Boulder County	0.1	1
23692	Virginia	York County	0.1	1
95023	California	San Benito County	0.1	1
53012	Wisconsin	Ozaukee County	0.1	1
91602	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
94121	California	San Francisco County	0.1	<u>.</u> 1
10528	New York	Westchester County	0.1	1
97132	Oregon	Yamhill County	0.1	1
85281	Arizona	Maricopa County	0.1	1
12054	New York	Albany County	0.1	1
85260	Arizona	Maricopa County	0.1	<u>.</u>
92646	California	Orange County	0.1	1
93432	California	San Luis Obispo County	0.1	1
96130	California	Lassen County	0.1	1
93930	California	Monterey County	0.1	1
95037	California	Santa Clara County	0.1	1
85716	Arizona	Pima County	0.1	1
92704	California	Orange County	0.1	1
10011	New York	New York County	0.1	1
92109	California	San Diego County	0.1	1
02.100	Journalia	Can Diogo County	0.1	<u>'</u> _

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91377	California	Ventura County	0.1	1
30542	Georgia	Hall County	0.1	1
95519	California	Humboldt County	0.1	1
95008	California	Santa Clara County	0.1	1
95820	California	Sacramento County	0.1	1
32828	Florida	Orange County	0.1	<u>'</u> 1
94131	California	San Francisco County	0.1	<u>'</u> 1
94945	California	Marin County	0.1	1
94582	California	Contra Costa County	0.1	<u>'</u> 1
60304	Illinois	Cook County	0.1	<u>'</u> 1
91750	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
21702	Maryland	Frederick County	0.1	<u>'</u> 1
90027	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
94402	California			
28658	North Carolina	San Mateo County	0.1	1
	California	Catawba County	0.1	1
96067		Siskiyou County	0.1	1
91405	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
80026	Colorado	Boulder County	0.1	1
38355	Tennessee	Gibson County	0.1	1
19426	Pennsylvania	Montgomery County	0.1	1
90274	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
92111	California	San Diego County	0.1	1
94043	California	Santa Clara County	0.1	1
95628	California	Sacramento County	0.1	1
91789	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
94560	California	Alameda County	0.1	1
92505	California	Riverside County	0.1	1
93429	California	Santa Barbara County	0.1	1
90254	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
02134	Massachusetts	Suffolk County	0.1	1
20854	Maryland	Montgomery County	0.1	1
81027	Colorado	Las Animas County	0.1	1
91356	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
92009	California	San Diego County	0.1	1
93954	California	Monterey County	0.1	1
95116	California	Santa Clara County	0.1	1
95017	California	Santa Cruz County	0.1	1
95123	California	Santa Clara County	0.1	1
60005	Illinois	Cook County	0.1	1
35401	Alabama	Tuscaloosa County	0.1	1
92057	California	San Diego County	0.1	1
90804	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
95348	California	Merced County	0.1	1
91106	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
99631	Alaska	Kenai Peninsula Borough	0.1	1
89145	Nevada	Clark County	0.1	1
95407	California	Sonoma County	0.1	1
94901	California	Marin County	0.1	1
91748	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
92064	California	San Diego County	0.1	<u>.</u> 1

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11103	New York	Queens County	0.1	1
92885	California	Orange County	0.1	1
90404	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
90077	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
78402	Texas	Nueces County	0.1	1
94588	California	Alameda County	0.1	1
93252	California	Kern County	0.1	1
91604	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
94132	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
94116	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
94019	California	San Mateo County	0.1	1
93060	California	Ventura County	0.1	1
91321	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
78751	Texas	Travis County	0.1	1
92056	California	San Diego County	0.1	1
91011	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
93224	California	Kern County	0.1	1
80234	Colorado	Adams County	0.1	1
91206	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
95004	California	Monterey County	0.1	1
95010	California	Santa Cruz County	0.1	1
93728	California	Fresno County	0.1	1
92868	California	Orange County	0.1	1
90024	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
80487	Colorado	Routt County	0.1	1
94041	California	Santa Clara County	0.1	1
90706	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
93313	California	Kern County	0.1	1
80304	Colorado	Boulder County	0.1	1
94102	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
95521	California	Humboldt County	0.1	1
90034	California	Los Angeles County	0.1	1
94609	California	Alameda County	0.1	1
94114	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
15065	Pennsylvania	Allegheny County	0.1	1
92270	California	Riverside County	0.1	1
94108	California	San Francisco County	0.1	1
27278	North Carolina	Orange County	0.1	1

 $^{^{\}star}$ Includes respondents reporting no ZIP code or an invalid ZIP code .

APPENDIX B - Detailed Satisfaction Results

Table B-1. Satisfaction for Visits to Day Use Developed Sites

	Percent Rating Satisfaction as:							
Satisfaction Element	Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Very Satisfied	Mean Rating§	Mean Importance†	No. Obs‡
Restroom Cleanliness	10.2	15.0	18.7	22.3	33.7	3.5	4.5	61
Developed Facilities	0.0	3.3	11.9	24.6	60.2	4.4	4.3	89
Condition of Environment	0.0	0.3	0.9	25.6	73.1	4.7	4.8	94
Employee Helpfulness	0.0	0.0	5.2	22.0	72.8	4.7	4.5	43
Interpretive Displays	0.0	13.2	20.7	13.1	53.1	4.1	4.1	58
Parking Availability	0.0	2.6	10.5	19.1	67.9	4.5	4.3	90
Parking Lot Condition	0.0	0.0	6.9	17.2	75.9	4.7	3.9	89
Rec. Info. Availability	0.0	8.1	20.9	14.9	56.2	4.2	4.2	66
Road Condition	1.7	2.7	10.0	21.6	64.1	4.4	4.3	85
Feeling of Satefy	0.0	0.0	5.0	18.3	76.7	4.7	4.7	93
Scenery	0.0	0.0	4.3	8.3	87.4	4.8	4.7	94
Signage Adequacy	3.2	6.5	10.6	23.0	56.8	4.2	4.3	89
Trail Condition	0.0	0.0	9.2	29.1	61.7	4.5	4.6	46
Value for Fee Paid	4.7	4.2	4.7	15.4	71.0	4.4	4.4	50

NOTE: The data was not reported for items with fewer than 10 responses. Satisfaction and Importance were asked as two separate questions so one of these may have 10 responses even though the other does not.

- § Scale: Very Dissatisfied = 1, Somewhat Dissatisfied = 2, Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied =
- 3, Somewhat Satisfied = 4, Very Satisfied = 5
- † Scale: Not Important = 1, Somewhat Important = 2, Moderately Important = 3, Important = 4, Very Important = 5
- ‡ No. Obs is the number of survey respondents who responded to this item.

Table B-2. Satisfaction for Visits to Overnight Developed Sites

	Percent Rating Satisfaction as:							
Satisfaction Element	Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Very Satisfied	Mean Rating§	Mean Importance†	No. Obs‡
Restroom Cleanliness	6.6	8.7	24.0	26.8	34.0	3.7	4.3	32
Developed Facilities	0.0	3.4	19.7	36.4	40.5	4.1	4.3	32
Condition of Environment	0.0	0.0	6.7	25.0	68.3	4.6	4.7	35
Employee Helpfulness	0.0	0.0	4.4	15.4	80.2	4.8	4.6	24
Interpretive Displays	10.8	0.0	38.3	17.4	33.5	3.6	3.9	25
Parking Availability	0.0	3.0	10.1	13.7	73.1	4.6	4.5	35
Parking Lot Condition	0.0	0.0	0.1	30.5	69.4	4.7	4.2	35
Rec. Info. Availability	3.7	3.7	10.9	34.5	47.3	4.2	4.3	33
Road Condition	0.1	3.3	14.1	24.6	57.9	4.4	4.2	34
Feeling of Satefy	0.0	4.4	0.0	11.9	83.7	4.7	4.7	34
Scenery	0.0	0.0	7.0	10.7	82.3	4.8	4.6	35
Signage Adequacy	0.0	10.0	11.1	26.1	52.8	4.2	4.4	32
Trail Condition	6.3	5.3	0.2	36.7	51.5	4.2	4.6	21
Value for Fee Paid	0.0	8.9	21.7	22.2	47.2	4.1	4.6	29

NOTE: The data was not reported for items with fewer than 10 responses. Satisfaction and Importance were asked as two separate questions so one of these may have 10 responses even though the other does not.

§ Scale: Very Dissatisfied = 1, Somewhat Dissatisfied = 2, Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied =

† Scale: Not Important = 1, Somewhat Important = 2, Moderately Important = 3, Important = 4, Very Important = 5

‡ No. Obs is the number of survey respondents who responded to this item.

^{3,} Somewhat Satisfied = 4, Very Satisfied = 5

Table B-3. Satisfaction for Visits to Undeveloped Areas (GFAs)

	Percent Rating Satisfaction as:							
Satisfaction Element	Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Very Satisfied	Mean Rating§	Mean Importance†	No. Obs‡
Restroom Cleanliness	3.4	3.4	17.5	37.0	38.8	4.0	4.1	26
Developed Facilities	0.0	4.4	0.0	49.0	46.6	4.4	4.1	16
Condition of Environment	0.0	1.8	7.0	31.7	59.5	4.5	4.7	208
Employee Helpfulness	0.0	0.0	4.7	14.3	81.1	4.8	4.5	26
Interpretive Displays	13.6	21.3	34.0	10.9	20.3	3.0	3.1	107
Parking Availability	0.9	12.6	15.2	21.8	49.5	4.1	4.0	155
Parking Lot Condition	8.3	10.8	20.9	19.4	40.6	3.7	3.5	96
Rec. Info. Availability	4.9	10.6	30.1	19.8	34.6	3.7	3.7	142
Road Condition	5.1	21.6	17.5	31.2	24.6	3.5	4.2	138
Feeling of Satefy	0.0	2.5	7.9	16.5	73.1	4.6	4.2	204
Scenery	0.0	0.6	1.9	11.2	86.2	4.8	4.7	207
Signage Adequacy	9.2	14.1	25.1	23.5	28.1	3.5	3.5	167
Trail Condition	2.6	2.2	6.6	25.9	62.6	4.4	4.4	138
Value for Fee Paid	6.5	0.0	8.3	19.2	66.0	4.4	4.3	32

NOTE: The data was not reported for items with fewer than 10 responses. Satisfaction and Importance were asked as two separate questions so one of these may have 10 responses even though the other does not.

- § Scale: Very Dissatisfied = 1, Somewhat Dissatisfied = 2, Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied =
- 3, Somewhat Satisfied = 4, Very Satisfied = 5
- † Scale: Not Important = 1, Somewhat Important = 2, Moderately Important = 3, Important = 4, Very Important = 5
- ‡ No. Obs is the number of survey respondents who responded to this item.

Table B-4. Satisfaction for Visits to Designated Wilderness*

	Percent Rating Satisfaction as:							
Satisfaction Element	Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Very Satisfied	Mean Rating§	Mean Importance†	No. Obs‡
Restroom Cleanliness							3.3	9
Developed Facilities								3
Condition of Environment	0.0	0.5	8.2	16.9	74.4	4.7	4.6	27
Employee Helpfulness								4
Interpretive Displays	0.0	0.0	16.9	67.9	15.2	4.0	3.8	14
Parking Availability	0.0	7.7	0.0	10.2	82.1	4.7	4.1	27
Parking Lot Condition	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.8	74.2	4.7	3.6	26
Rec. Info. Availability	0.8	38.6	27.4	28.2	5.0	3.0	3.8	19
Road Condition	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	84.6	4.8	3.6	12
Feeling of Satefy	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.9	82.1	4.8	4.2	27
Scenery	0.0	0.0	0.5	9.2	90.3	4.9	4.6	27
Signage Adequacy	9.7	0.6	29.7	30.3	29.7	3.7	4.0	25
Trail Condition	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.1	63.9	4.6	4.4	26
Value for Fee Paid	0.0	0.0	0.0	63.5	36.5	4.4	3.5	10

NOTE: The data was not reported for items with fewer than 10 responses. Satisfaction and Importance were asked as two separate questions so one of these may have 10 responses even though the other does not.

- § Scale: Very Dissatisfied = 1, Somewhat Dissatisfied = 2, Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied =
- 3, Somewhat Satisfied = 4, Very Satisfied = 5
- † Scale: Not Important = 1, Somewhat Important = 2, Moderately Important = 3, Important = 4, Very Important = 5
- ‡ No. Obs is the number of survey respondents who responded to this item.
- * Data supplied is for all Designated Wilderness on the forest combined. Data was not collected for satisfaction for each individual Wilderness on the forest.